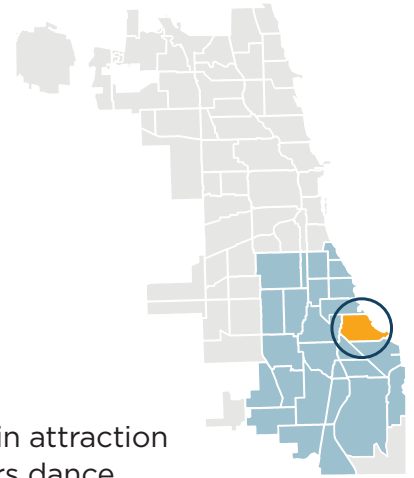


South Shore



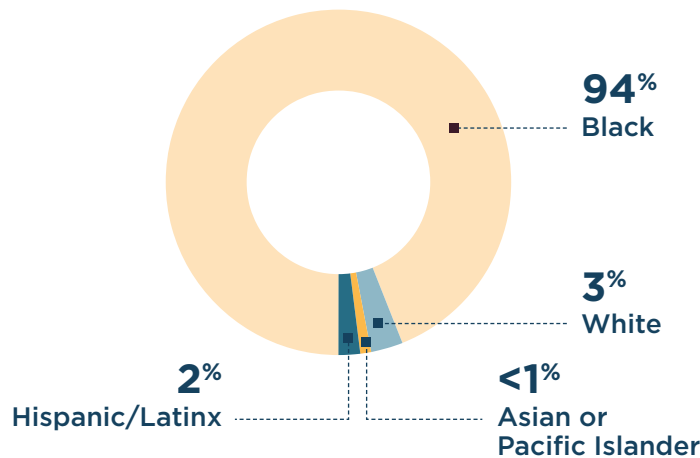
South Shore Cultural Center



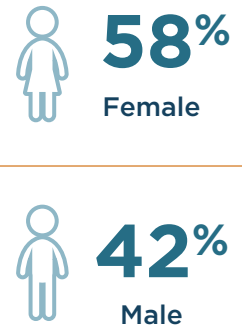
South Shore is a lakefront community with its main attraction being the South Shore Cultural Center, which offers dance studios, golf course, theater and public beaches to the community. Some of the former residents of South Shore include First Lady Michelle Obama and Nobel Prize winner James D. Watson.¹

Who lives here?²

Race and Ethnicity



Sex

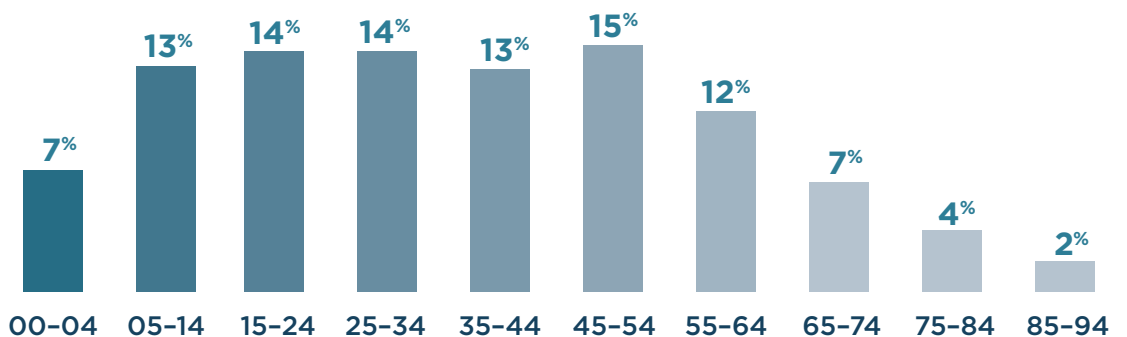


Population:
48,522

Population change:³

↓ **2%**
Chicago: ↑ **6%**

Age



Social Determinants of Health²

Social determinants of health are social, economic, and physical conditions in which people are born, live, and work that affect health and well-being. For example, where you live can limit access to healthy foods, this can in turn increase one's risk for obesity and other chronic conditions related to diet.

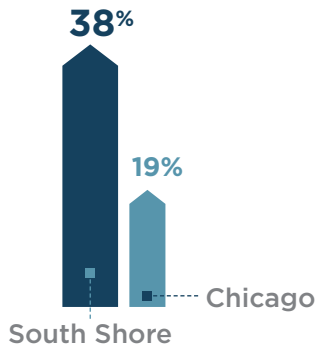
Economic Factors

Median household income

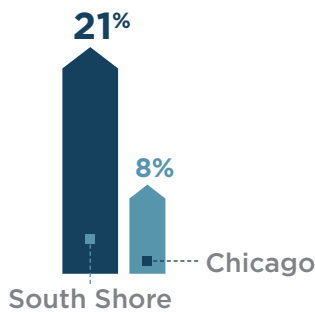
\$26,906

Chicago: **\$53,006**

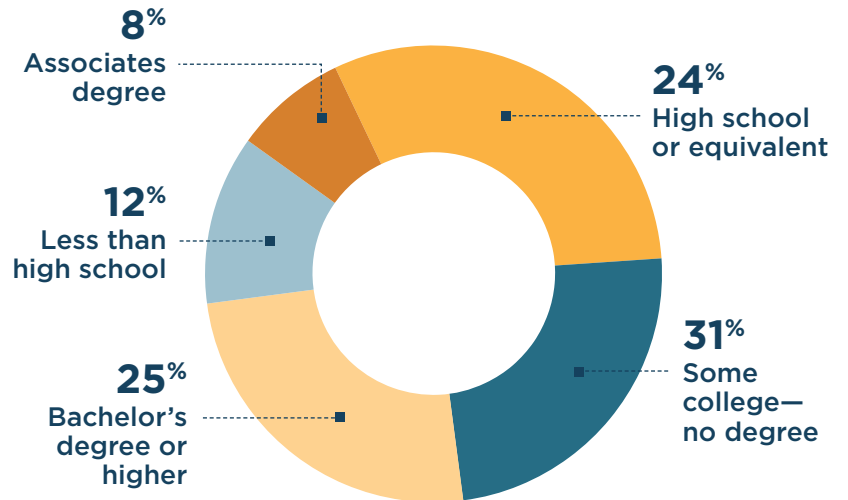
Population living in poverty⁴



Unemployment



Education⁵



53%

of households spend **30%** or more of their annual income on housing costs



1 in 2

children are living in poverty⁴



40% of households are receiving food stamps

58% of households are at risk for food insecurity

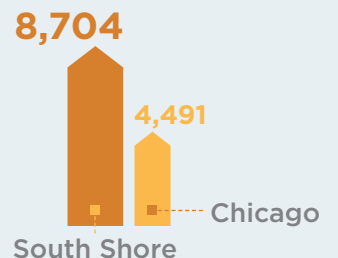
Physical Factors



58%

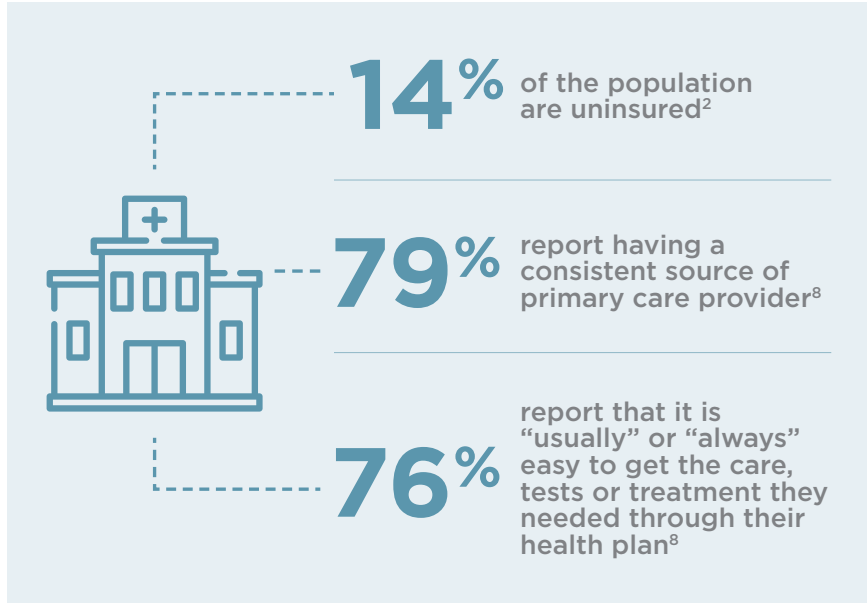
of adults report that they feel safe in their neighborhood "most or all of the time"⁷

Violent crime incidents⁷ Per 100,000 Population



Access to Care

Access to quality health care services is important for preventing and managing diseases and achieving health equity. High cost of care, inadequate insurance coverage, and lack of availability of quality services generally lead to barriers in clinical care.



of pregnant women received early and adequate prenatal care⁹



report receiving colorectal cancer screening⁸

Health Behaviors⁷

Health behaviors are individual actions we take to prevent illnesses or maintain good health such as exercising and eating a balanced diet. Health behavior is greatly influenced by the social and economic conditions in which people live. For example, it is difficult to walk in the neighborhood to get exercise when you do not feel safe.



report not participating in any physical activity or exercise in the past month



report drinking soda or sweetened drinks everyday



report being a smoker



26% report eating five or more servings of fruits and vegetables daily

Health Outcomes¹⁰

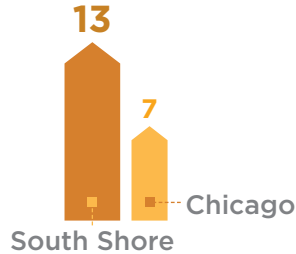
Health outcomes are the measures that define the health and wellbeing of the community. Health outcomes are a result of social determinants of health, access to clinical care, and health behaviors.

Top Causes of Death

1. Heart Disease
2. Cancer
3. Diabetes-related
4. Injury
5. Stroke

Infant Mortality

Deaths per 1,000 live births



Life Expectancy at Birth

72 years

Chicago: 77 years
The Loop: 82 years

Disease Burden Among Adults⁸



39%
have high blood pressure

31%
are obese

11%
are diabetic

12%
have asthma

Community Resources¹¹

Community resources are necessary to achieve good health outcomes. A sample of the community resources necessary for optimal health outcomes and available in South Shore are listed below. For a full list of all resources and their location, visit the Chicago Health Atlas at <https://www.chicagohealthatlas.org/resources>



13
Schools



5
Fitness Facilities



22
Hospital and Health Services



1
Community Gardens



44
Faith Based Organizations



21
Social Service Organizations



8
Grocery Stores



3
Pharmacies



8
Public Parks¹²

Data presented in the profile are part of UChicago Medicine's Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA). Data for the CHNA were extracted by the Alliance for Health Equity or the Chicago Department of Public Health. For Full listing of all data sources refer to the CHNA at uchicagomedicine.org/community-health. **1:** "South Shore" | Chicago Neighborhoods | Choose Chicago." English. Accessed June 10, 2019. <https://www.choosechicago.com/neighborhoods/south/south-shore/>; **2:** American Communities Survey 2012-2016 estimates; **3:** Estimated percent change from 2010 Census to the American Communities Survey 2016 5 year estimates; **4:** Under 100% of the Federal Poverty Level. The percentages for children living in poverty are rounded to a nearest fraction when possible to make this data user-friendly; **5:** CMAP 2012-2016 5-year estimates. Education level for population age 25 and over; **6:** Households under 185% of the Federal Poverty Level are considered at risk for food insecurity; **7:** Chicago Police Department; **8:** Healthy Chicago survey; **9:** Illinois Department of Public Health Vital Stats; **10:** Chicago Department of Public Health, Illinois Department of Public Health Vital Stats; **11:** MapsCorps 2017 Community asset dataset; **12:** Chicago Parks District