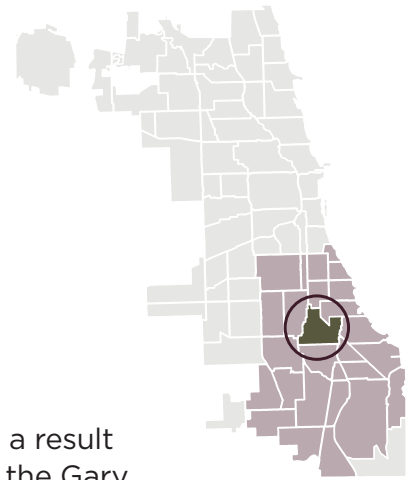


Greater Grand Crossing



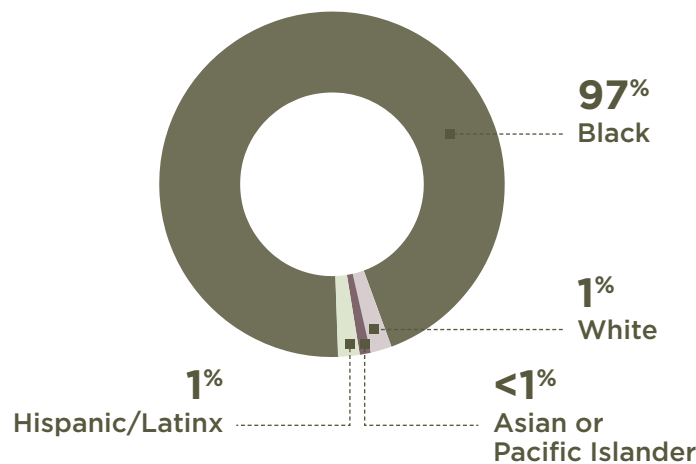
Gary Comer Youth Center



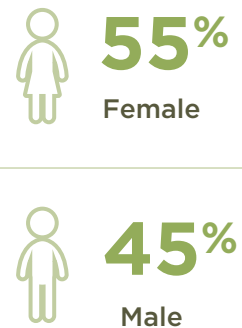
Greater Grand Crossing was built up over time as a result of its proximity to railroad crossings.¹ It is home to the Gary Comer Youth Center. This is a center that provides after school enrichment for children and young adults of all ages.² The development of public art spaces has been on the rise in this community because of the investments artists are contributing to it.³

Who lives here?⁴

Race and Ethnicity



Sex



Population:

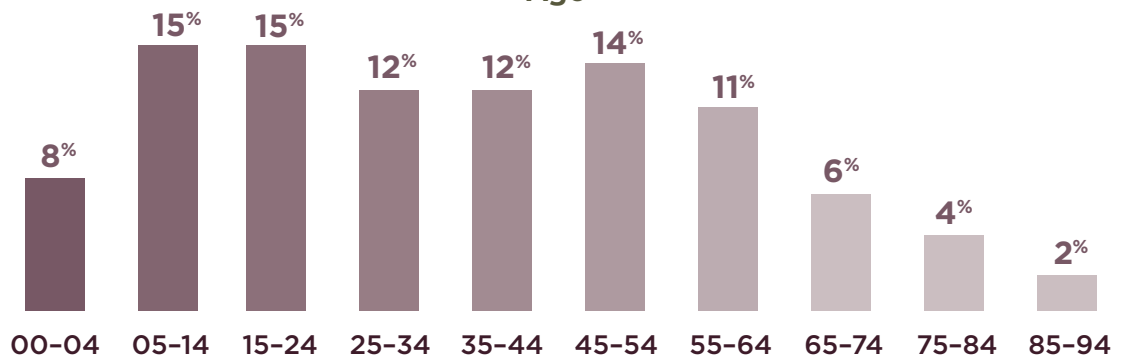
32,461

Population change:⁵

↓ **0.4%**

Chicago: ↑6%

Age



Social Determinants of Health⁴

Social determinants of health are social, economic, and physical conditions in which people are born, live, and work that affect health and well-being. For example, where you live can limit access to healthy foods, this can in turn increase one's risk for obesity and other chronic conditions related to diet.

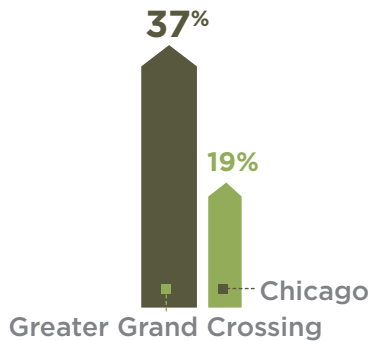
Economic Factors

Median household income

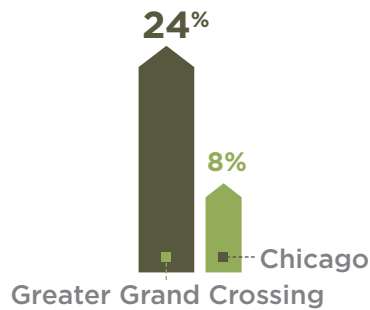
\$28,154

Chicago: **\$53,006**

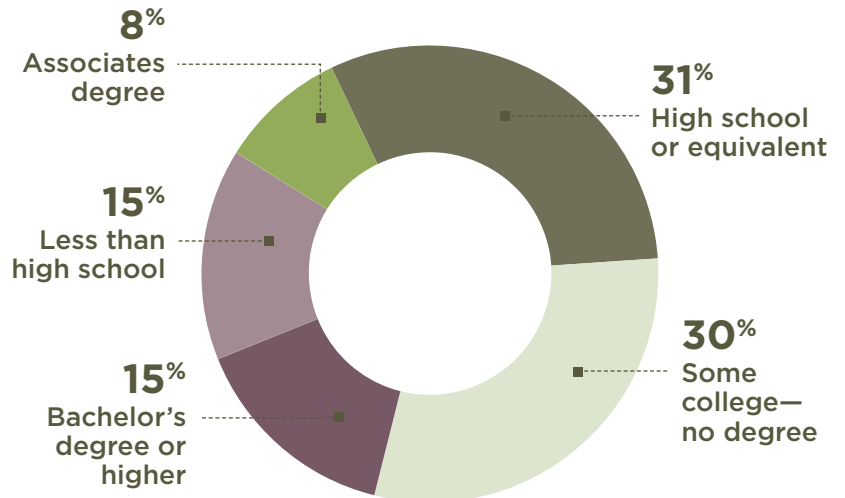
Population living in poverty⁶



Unemployment



Education⁷



48%

of households spend **30%** or more of their annual income on housing costs



1 in 2

children are living in poverty⁶



40% of households are receiving food stamps

55% of households are at risk for food insecurity⁸

Physical Factors

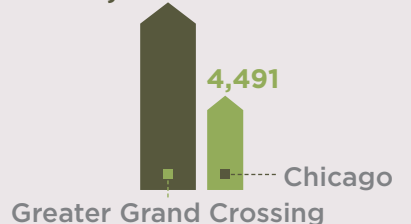


57%

of adults report that they feel safe in their neighborhood "most or all of the time"⁹

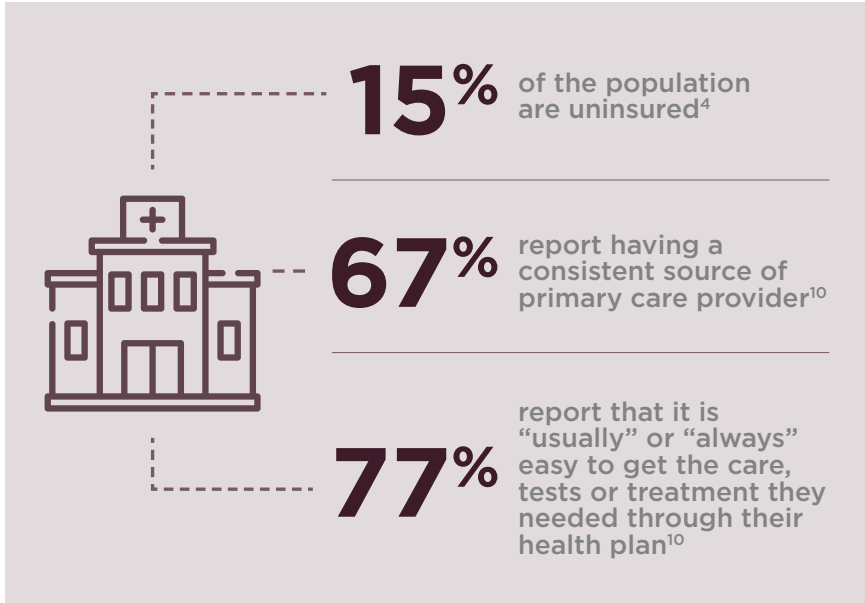
Violent crime incidents⁹ Per 100,000 Population

10,680



Access to Care

Access to quality health care services is important for preventing and managing diseases and achieving health equity. High cost of care, inadequate insurance coverage, and lack of availability of quality services generally lead to barriers in clinical care.



of pregnant women received early and adequate prenatal care¹¹



report receiving colorectal cancer screening¹⁰

Health Behaviors¹⁰

Health behaviors are individual actions we take to prevent illnesses or maintain good health such as exercising and eating a balanced diet. Health behavior is greatly influenced by the social and economic conditions in which people live. For example, it is difficult to walk in the neighborhood to get exercise when you do not feel safe.



report not participating in any physical activity or exercise in the past month



report drinking soda or sweetened drinks everyday



report being a smoker



32% report eating five or more servings of fruits and vegetables daily

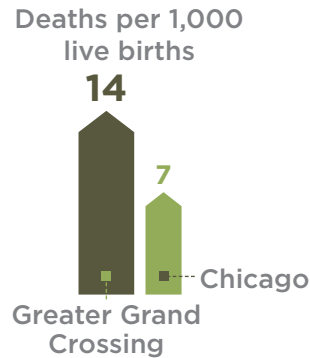
Health Outcomes¹²

Health outcomes are the measures that define the health and wellbeing of the community. Health outcomes are a result of social determinants of health, access to clinical care, and health behaviors.

Top Causes of Death

1. Heart Disease
2. Cancer
3. Injury
4. Diabetes-related
5. Stroke

Infant Mortality



Life Expectancy at Birth

71 years

Chicago: 77 years
The Loop: 82 years

Disease Burden Among Adults¹⁰



32%
have high blood pressure

41%
are obese

7%
are diabetic

12%
have asthma

Community Resources¹³

Community resources are necessary to achieve good health outcomes. A sample of the community resources necessary for optimal health outcomes and available in Greater Grand Crossing are listed below. For a full list of all resources and their location, visit the Chicago Health Atlas at <https://www.chicagohealthatlas.org/resources>

15
Schools

5
Fitness Facilities

15
Hospital and Health Services

2
Community Gardens

80
Faith Based Organizations

14
Social Service Organizations

15
Grocery Stores

6
Pharmacies

3
Public Parks¹⁴

Data presented in the profile are part of UChicago Medicine's Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA). Data for the CHNA were extracted by the Alliance for Health Equity or the Chicago Department of Public Health. For Full listing of all data sources refer to the CHNA at uchicagomedicine.org/community-health. **1:** Greater Grand Crossing. Accessed June 10, 2019. <http://www.encyclopedia.chicagohistory.org/pages/547.html>; **2:** "Pursue Your Passions." Gary Comer Youth Center. Accessed June 13, 2019. <http://www.garycomeryouthcenter.org/>; **3:** "Theaster Gates." Art21. Accessed June 13, 2019. <https://art21.org/artist/theaster-gates/>; **4:** American Communities Survey 2012-2016 estimates; **5:** Estimated percent change from 2010 Census to the American Communities Survey 2016 5 year estimates; **6:** Under 100% of the Federal Poverty Level. The percentages for children living in poverty are rounded to a nearest fraction when possible to make this data user-friendly.; **7:** CMAP 2012-2016 5-year estimates. Education level for population age 25 and over; **8:** Households under 185% of the Federal Poverty Level are considered at risk for food insecurity; **9:** Chicago Police Department; **10:** Healthy Chicago survey; **11:** Illinois Department of Public Health Vital Stats; **12:** Chicago Department of Public Health, Illinois Department of Public Health Vital Stats; **13:** MapsCorps 2017 Community asset dataset; **14:** Chicago Parks District